

Daily Pacific News.

VOL. II.—NO. 107.

SAN FRANCISCO, FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 29, 1850.

WHOLE NO. 294

THE PACIFIC NEWS
IS PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,
(Sundays excepted.)
BY WINCHESTER, SKILLMAN & CO.,
Montgomery street, between Washington
and Jackson streets, (over Payne &
Sherwood's.)

TERMS—INvariably in advance.
For One Year, per Mail..... \$25 00
For Six Months..... 16 00
Single Copies..... 12 cents.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING—IN ADVANCE.
For each Square of 16 lines and over 1 line—
First insertion..... \$3 00
Each subsequent insertion..... 1 50
Half square of 8 lines or less, 1st in. 2 00
Each subsequent insertion..... 1 00
Monthly advertisements, each square..... 25 00
Business cards of 4 lines or under, per
quarter..... 40 00
For each renewal or change of a monthly
advertisement, the full price of a first insertion
extra.
Legal advertisements, not paid in advance,
will be charged the former rates.

JOB PRINTING of every description
executed in a superior manner, at the Office of
the Pacific News.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WELLS & CO. Bankers, corner of
Clay and Montgomery streets, draw bills
on Wells & Co., Boston; Drew, Robinson
& Co., New York; Ludlow, Beebe & Co.,
Phila.; Greenway & Co., Balt.; Ellis &
Morton, Cincinnati; Loker, Reick & Co.,
St. Louis; Robinson & Co., Buffalo; Wash-
burn & Co., Albany; H. A. Rathbone, New
Orleans; Maclean, Maris & Co., London;
and at banks in Hartford, New Haven, New
London, Providence, Worcester, Plymouth,
New Bedford, Salem, Portsmouth, Port-
land, Bangor, Keene, Concord, Belows
Falls and Woodstock.
Gold dust shipped and insured to New
York. o1 tf

JOHN H. STILL,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
NEWSPAPER, MAGAZINE, CHEAP PUBLI-
CATION AND STATIONARY DEPOT.
Second door to the Post Office, Portsmouth
Square, San Francisco.

Country Merchants, Express riders,
and Pedlars can be supplied with all the
latest Novels, Magazines and Newspapers,
on the most favorable terms. As great in-
crements will be offered them, they are
invited to call before purchasing elsewhere.
nov19 lm

BEEBEE LUDLOW & CO.
Exchange Brokers and Bankers, have
removed to San Diego & Belden's fire proof
building, in Clay street, 2d door from the
corner of Montgomery street.
Drafts on Beebe, Ludlow & Co., New
York; Ludlow, Beebe & Co., Philadelphia;
Josiah Lee, Baltimore, for sale, and in all
the principal cities, in sums to suit, by
S. Beebe, Ludlow & Co.,
o1 tf Clay st, 2d door from Montgomery

KELSEY, SMITH & RILEY
Importers and Dealers in Boots, Shoes,
Hats, Caps, Clothing, and Leather and Find-
ings. Fire proof brick building, on Clay st,
2d door above Montgomery street.
W. F. KELSEY, San Francisco
GEO. M. SMITH, New York City
B. W. RILEY, New York City. o4 lm

D. GIBB, Importer and Commis-
sion Merchant, Brick building, Cen-
tral Wharf, San Francisco.
Deals for sale on Messrs. Watson, Thomp-
son & Co., Glasgow, payable in London;
Messrs. John Thomson, Watson & Co., Val-
paraiso. o1 3m

MYERS & EHRENBURG, Real
Estate Agents, and Surveyors for the
towns of Trinidad, Klamath, and for Trinity
county general.
Office—in Klamath, corner of Forest
and Francis streets. In Trinidad, corner of
Whiting and Edward sts. o9 tf

L. B. HANKS
Dealer in Lumber,
Office, Bodega steam saw Mills, No. 1
Gold street. Will furnish to order any
quantity of dimension stuff, or ordinary
sizes, with dispatch. o4 6m

WILLIAM NEWELL,
SEXTON AND UNDERTAKER,
Pacific, near Kearny st.
Every variety of coffins constantly on
hand. Also, coffin plates, tomb stones, ta-
bets, rosettes, etc. etc. n9 lm

R. F. RYAN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR
AT LAW.
Office on Pacific street, nearly opposite
the Court House. n14 tf

JOSEPH HENRIQUES,
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR.
County of San Francisco—Commercial
street, next door to Mrs. Whitney's, up
stairs. nov18 3w tf

W. SCHLEIDEN,
Ship and Custom House Broker.
Montgomery street, opposite the Custom
house, or at his house in Broadway, between
Dupont and Stockton streets. o4

SHIRTS—SHIRTS—GOOD SHIRTS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
AT C. LEIGHTON'S FIRST PREMIUM
Shirt and Gentlemen's Furnishing
Store, 20 Commercial street. n7 lm

H. O'DONNELL,
Real Estate Broker and Notary Public,
(On Pacific st., opposite the court house.
n5 tf

J. H. Blood & Co., Commission
Merchants and Ship Agents. Office
northwest corner Clay and Montgomery sts
up stairs. o1 3m

P. Smith, M. D. & Theo. Dimond, M. D.,
Office over Kelsey, Smith & Riley's
store, north side of Clay street, second build-
ing above Montgomery street. o1

C. V. Gillespie, Notary Public,
Messrs. Howard & Green's new
brick building, Montgomery street. o14

**TEA—150 boxes, Imperial, gun-
powder, and young hyson tea, just re-
ceived per Tepic, and for sale by**
Pickett & Co.
n7 tf foot Jackson street wharf.

UNION HOTEL.—Under the man-
agement of Isaac M. Hall. This es-
tablishment, situated on Portsmouth
Square, San Francisco, State of California
will be opened for the reception of guests
on THURSDAY, the 7th of November, inst.,
under the management of Isaac M. Hall,
late of the Eagle Hotel, Rochester, New
York. The building has been erected
within the last three months; built of brick,
entirely fire-proof, five stories high, front-
ing on Portsmouth Square, 30 feet, and ex-
tending back 160 feet on Merchant street.
There are 100 rooms, all finished in the
most substantial manner, lathed and plas-
tered, and hard finished walls. Each room
is furnished with a stove and other bed-
room furniture complete; 3 bells are fitted
up, communicating with the office from each
room. The dining room will accommodate
150 persons, and the public may safely con-
fide in the well known talent of Mr. Hall to
make this department one of the most invit-
ing of the house; all the delicacies of the
season will be found on the table, and the
wines the best the market affords. The
proprietors confidently entertain the hope
that this enterprise, involving at least
\$150,000, will meet its due appreciation by
the public, and that the effort on our part
to present a hotel where every comfort af-
forded in hotels in the Atlantic States may
be found, will meet the reward of public
patronage.

A. A. SELOVER,
JOHN MIDDLETON, } Proprietors.
E. V. JOICE,
San Francisco, Nov. 5, 1850. n6 tf

WOOD AND COAL for Sale.—By
M. Nelson. Yard on Broadway, be-
tween Stockton and Powell streets, where
orders will be received and attended to
promptly.
Also, land for sale or lease in the western
portion of the city of San Francisco, in lots
to suit. Some of the most valuable garden
and building spots within the limits of the
city, in a rapidly improving neighborhood,
are those of the subscriber, situated near
the Lagunas. Title unquestionable.
M. Nelson,
Presidio Point, Lagoon. nov20

WYCKOFF & Co., Montgomery
street, between Washington and Jackson
streets, offer for sale,
100 lbs do. No. 1 Macaroni, 200 qrs bbls do.
300 kits do. 50 half bbls No. 1 Corn, 50 qrs
do. 100 kits do. 100 half bbls mess pork,
100 qrs bbls do. 100 bbls prime pork, 100
cans do. 100 cases porter, 100 cases sperm
candles, 100 boxes patent refined crystal-
line do. 2000 lbs tobacco. 300 cases pickles,
100 bbls dried fruits. 5 bbls dried peaches,
50 boxes raisins, crushed and brown sugars,
100 cases pepper sauce and tomato catsup,
1000 lbs chocolate, 60 doz brooms, 3 cases
silk hats, 100 pair blankets, and a general
assortment of groceries and provisions, for
city and country dealers. n1 lm

GRAND REAL ESTATE LOT.
TERY—Central House property, val-
ued at \$20,000, consisting of the Central
House and all its furniture, &c., on Wash-
ington street.
Zine House, and all its furniture, &c., on
Dunbar's Arcade.
Furnish house on Dunbar's arcade, and
252 Building lots; making 255 prizes out
of 1000 tickets, or nearly one-third prize.
Will be drawn in a few days, by L. Lincoln
& Co. Tickets only \$20, for sale by
Garniss & Co.,
corner Washington street and Jones
Lane. o18 tf

TO LET—Two stores on Mont-
gomery street. Also, two Offices with
sleeping apartments attached, in the same
building. Also one basement, (with office
in front) 15x55 feet, and 9 feet high, well
adapted for a bottling establishment or a
restaurant. Apply to
James H. Ray,
Jackson street, one door below Sansome.
For SALE—150 bbls best quality pilot
bread. Also, spikes, wrought and cut, from
4 to 15 inches. o30 tf

COPARTNERSHIP—The under-
signed have this day formed a copartner-
ship under the firm of Cooke & Leconte, for
the purpose of carrying on the wholesale and
retail stationery business in general. They
have leased the fire proof store in Wells &
Co's Buildings, Montgomery st, next door to
Wells & Co's Banking House.
Wm. B. Cooke,
J. J. Leconte. o1 tf

TO LET—The Large Store 23 by
70 feet, finished and ready for occu-
pancy, on the corner of Davis and Sacra-
mento streets, and one of the best stands in
this city for business. The lower floor and
third story will be let together, or the
whole will be let to one person, if desired.
Inquire of
Wm. C. Hoff,
o10 at Hoff & Co., Howison's pier.

FOR RENT, at convenient terms:
The 3 story Brick and Iron Warehouse,
40 by 60 feet, on Montgomery street, next
to the Custom House, hitherto occupied by
Messrs. J. B. Cannon & Co. Either the
whole or the different stories to suit parties.
It being desirable to let the whole build-
ing under a lease for six or eight months,
the terms will be reduced accordingly.
Apply to S. I. Gower & Co., or Edward
Vischer, near the premises. nov18 tf

GOLD DUST Bought or Insured,
and forwarded to any part of the
States, by way of New York or New Or-
leans, at the lowest rates, by
Gregory's Express,
o18 tf f Office 280 Montgomery str. et.

WAS PICKED UP and left along-
side the bark "Bohemian," a Scow Pile
Driver. The owner or owners are re-
quested to come forward, pay charges, and take
her away. Apply on board bark Bohemian,
off Jackson st. Wharf. n23 tf

SPLendid NEW BUGGY, on a
very light principle, with seats for four.
For sale at the Java House by
McCormick & Co.
n11 Tea Dealers and Coffee Roasters,
244 Montgomery st.

STATE WARRANTS, for sale,
in sums of \$100 each, convenient for
the payment of state taxes, auction dues,
licenses, &c. Inquire at the Pacific News
office. n9 4 w

BERFORD & CO'S LINE
OF EXPRESS MAIL STAGES,
HALL & CRANDAL, PROPRIETORS.
Are now running every morning to San
Jose, leaving Berford & Co's office in the
plaza, at 8 o'clock, A. M., and the City Ho-
tel in San Jose at 7 o'clock, A. M.

The reduced rate of fare puts it in the
power of every one to visit the beautiful
and healthy valley of Santa Clara. There
is no more charming drive in California than
that from San Francisco to San Jose, and
as one is whirled rapidly through the oak
openings and across the level plains under
the skillful driving of Professors Dillon or
Crandal, who drive their own coaches, he
finds that pleasure is united with business,
and wonders he has never made the trip
before.

The great advantage this line possesses
over all others, is that the Stages were
bought expressly for the road, and with a
particular attention to safety, while the
drivers, who have served a long apprentice-
ship from New England to Mexico, make
the quickest time and never meet with ac-
cidents, which are so likely to occur with the
old fashioned stage coaches. We invite
our friends to give the line a trial.
n7 tf Berford & Co.

**THREE THOUSAND DOL-
LARS REWARD** will be paid for the
apprehension and conviction of one JESSE
J. GRAHAM, who murdered Dennis Ben-
nett, in Cyante, Santa Cruz, State of Califor-
nia, on the 22d of April, A. D. 1850. The
said Jesse J. Graham is about six feet high,
dark complexion, dark eyes, round shoul-
ders, stoops when he walks; has a very
frowning look and speaks through his nose.
It was supposed that he had concealed in
Cyante until the last day of August, or
about the first of September, and when last
seen, was met in company with some others
on the Salinas, on his way to the river
Colorado, and to Texas, where his mother
resides. The above reward will be paid for
his safe delivery at San Francisco, Santa
Cruz, or Monterey; one thousand by the
county of Santa Cruz, the other two thou-
sand by JACKSON BENNETT, brother of
deceased.
SANTA CRUZ, Nov. 19, 1850. n23 6m

**A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR
AN INVESTMENT.**—For Sale, all that
valuable property known as the *San Fran-
cisco Cattle and Sheep Mills*, situated on
Pine street, near Kearny, consisting of the
unexpired term of lease of Lot and House,
with the superior new steam engine of 8
horse power, together with the large stock-
ing, mules and wagons. Also a large and
superior horse power. The above Factory is
capable of roasting and grinding from 2000
to 3000 lbs. of coffee daily, and can at the
same time, facilitated by the steam engine
and machinery, grind spices, corn, &c.
The above property will either be rented
or sold on favorable terms. Apply to
Wm. H. Henricke,
Commercial st., two doors above Sim-
mons, Lilly & Co., up stairs.
n23 2t 2w

BOARDING—Mrs. GRAHAM'S
SELECT BOARDING HOUSE, corner of
Broadway and Dupont street, San Fran-
cisco.
Mrs. G. having enlarged her house since
the grading and planing of Dupont street,
is prepared to accommodate a much larger
number of boarders than heretofore, and
will endeavor to make the inmates of her
house at home.

Gentlemen doing business down town
will find this a pleasant location, the streets
being graded and plankled past the house.
n15 tf

PRINTING PAPER—Proposals
will be received by the undersigned for
the supply of first quality Printing Pa-
per for the State work at the ensuing Ses-
sion of the Legislature. Medium Book Pa-
per and Foolscap are the kinds most wanted.
Address (at Pacific News Office) with sam-
ples and terms.
J. Winchester, State Printer.
n21 10t

JENNY LIND Sofa Bedsteads—
Just received by the Celestial, a super-
ior article of rosewood and mahogany Sofas,
with rich damask and plush cushions, pil-
lows, &c. Also fine mahogany top centre
Tables, which will be sold low if applied for
soon.

J. A. McCrea & Co.
Sansome street, between Washington and
Jackson streets. n8 tf

FOR SALE—A Corrugated Iron
Store, 30x60; will sell less than freight
and duties. Also, for sale, a fine piano,
very melodious, will sell very cheap. Ap-
ply to W. SCHLEIDEN,
on Broadway, between Dupont and Stock-
ton streets, or at his office, opposite the
Custom house. o1

STEAMER MCKIM for sale—A
fine boat for the Oregon or Southern
coast trade. The commodious and popular
steam propeller McKIM, in complete run-
ning order, together with new boilers and
other machinery, daily expected to arrive
from the United States, is offered for sale
Apply to
Everett & Co.,
Howison's wharf. o10 tf

TO SHIPMASTERS and Consig-
nees of Vessels.—The subscriber is now
prepared to supply shipping with water of
the purest kind from the Joaquin river, at
the shortest notice, having a vessel with the
capacity of 20,000 gallons. Orders left with
the undersigned at the Pilots office, on Cum-
mingsham's wharf, opposite office of steamers
Senator and New World, will meet with
prompt attention.
o11 tf James Nelson, Agent.

STORE TO RENT—The subscri-
ber being about to remove to their new
warehouse on California street, offer for
rent the desirable location at present occu-
pied by them. Terms favorable to a re-
sponsible tenant.
Bragg & Whittemore,
Sansome street. n11 tf

FOR SALE—At the Java House,
an invoice of English Boots, water proof
coats and caps, pilot cloth jackets, &c. &c.
McCormick & Co.
Tea Dealers and Coffee Roasters,
244 Montgomery st. n11

A TRIAL IN CALIFORNIA.
(Correspondence of the N. Y. Jour. of Com.)
SOUTH YUBA RIVER, Cal.,
July 16th, 1850.

One of the most amusing epi-
sodes in the life of a Californian,
is the infinite variety of law which
he sees and hears. The follow-
ing trial, which I attended a few
days since, is a fair specimen:

The question in dispute was,
as usual, a "jumped claim." Scen-
e—Washington, a village
high up on the south Yuba.
Court room—a "round tent," or
gambling shop, owned by the Al-
calde, whom behold at a monte
table behind which he sits with
all the dignity of office, wearing
the only coat to be found in the
place.

In pleading, the defendant "put
himself upon the miners," instead
of "upon the country," according
to the usual form, and then re-
marked that the papers in his
hand had been drawn up with a
view to test the bail, which he
clenched by quietly adding, "who
is well known to be in the round
tent interest." He then required
the plaintiff to enter security for
cost of suit, and when the other
had done this, demanding the
same of him, he refused, coolly
remarking that he never intended
to pay costs or abide the court's
judgment, but should appeal to
the miners in mass meeting. The
plaintiff at once withdrew the
suit, avowing his purpose to set-
tle upon the claim and defend it
with his rifle. The defendant
thereupon joined issue: "he would
do the like," and they were about
leaving the round tent when the
Alcalde rose from his monte table
and indignantly burst forth. His
speech was filled with expletives
left-handed blessings, to which I
dare not attempt to do justice.
It was only of an hour's length,
but consisted of a few topics upon
which the changes were fiercely
rung. He prefaced all by pulling
off his coat. As near as I can
recollect, the body of his speech
was this:

"Gentlemen! hold on a bit till
I get through, and then we'll take
a tod together. I can't help
speaking to you now, 'cause that
dirty old cayote of a defendant
has attracted my honor. I meant
to keep still till the trial was over,
but now since they've quit that,
and are going to work at the game
that 'the longest pole knocks off
the persimmon,' I'm bound to tell
the defendant that I don't know
him, don't keer for him, don't fear
him, and swear I'll flog him.
Gentlemen, this is the first time
my honor was ever attacked since
you elected me Alcalde. If ever
I try another case, I'll try it with
a revolver on the table, and if any
man insults me he shall receive
the contents of it. Gentlemen, I
stand in California on my own
footing as a man, and on the re-
sponsibility of the miners as an
alcalde. I come from Old Var-
ginny a poor boy, and went to
Mazoura, where I should have
been poor all my life if I hadn't
married a girl with a powerful
smart sprinklin' of money. Then
I used to lay off in the shade with
my babies, and it was a heart's
delight to sit and see me do it. I
come out to California to replace
them dimes, and when a man as-
sails my reputation, he assails the
reputation of a man of family,
who hev family duties to mind. I
left a wife and two innocent ba-
bies in Mazoura, and it would be
mean for me to come out here
and do anything dishonorable.
Gentlemen, the defendant hev
out some insinuations against my
character! If he'd done any-
thing else I wouldn't keer, but
when my honor is attacked, I'd
rather die—oh-h-h! [Here the
Alcalde had a choking spasm of
some length, and then proceeded,
with clenched fists.] Gentlemen,
I'm the littlest man on the river,
but I've got a heart as big as a
round tent! That's why they
elected me alcalde, because I was
a little man and had a heart big
enough to do justice to round tent

men and miners both. Since I've
been alcalde, I've always given
'em the right sort of justice, and
as long as I am alcalde I mean to
give 'em just what sort of justice
suits me best. I'm no lawyer,
and don't know any kind of law
but common law. And every-
body knows that is nothing but com-
mon sense and justice, as we
practise it in Californy. Now,
gentlemen, I want you to see if I
don't give that defendant justice
according to the common law of
these diggings. [Here the monte
table shook under an emphatic
whack of his fist, and the ink was
scattered over the records of the
court.] Now the ink and the pen
and the papers and the defendant
may all go to hell together!"

He thereupon leaped upon the
defendant, and proceeded to ad-
minister the "common law of
Californy" in most superb style.
When this operation was finished,
and the defendant kicked out of
the seat of justice—videlicet, the
round tent, the alcalde turned to
the crowd and politely remarked:

"Gentlemen, allow me to ex-
press my obligations to you for
your presence and the attention
you have shown me during this
trying ceremony. Toodle up, all
of you, and take a tod. Then, I
can beat any man in the crowd at
seven-up with an ounce for the
first Jack!"

The New York Courier
and Enquirer, in noticed the re-
cent capital convictions in Lon-
don, and contrasting them with
those in our own country, relates
the history of a most revolting
murder as follows:

Elizabeth Budd, convicted of
the murder of Maria Hook, her
niece, by withhold from her ne-
cessary food and clothing. Such
a case of inhuman cruelty has no
parallel in our criminal records.
Richard Hook, the father, a man
of substance, losing his wife, took
her sister, the said Elizabeth, to
be his housekeeper. She had
children of her own, and soon,
becoming mistress of the family,
she began to neglect and shock-
ingly maltreat the three children
of Hook by her sister, of whom
Maria was the youngest. This
little girl being only four years
old, on account of her tender age
of course, suffered the most, and
if there was any distinction, was
the most misused. She was kept
almost naked, was left covered
with filth, was scarcely allowed
a morsel of food, was whipped
most unmercifully for crying for
bread, was suffered to lie by the
road side unheeded, was reduced
to a skeleton, and made half idi-
otic by hard usage, and finally
died in convulsions. That girl
when dead weighed only six
pounds, which is less than the or-
dinary weight of an infant at
birth! Not the least remarkable
feature of this case was, that the
whole neighborhood were virtu-
ally accomplices of this slow, in-
fernal murder. They all knew
what was in progress, and yet
raised not a hand to prevent it.
Neither the clergyman of the pa-
rish, nor the parochial authori-
ties nor a single neighbor, inter-
posed between the child and the
consummation of her long agony.
On the trial Elizabeth Budd, the
housekeeper, was found guilty,
and sentenced to transportation
for life; and Richard Hook, the
father, it being proved that he
was from home much of the time,
was acquitted.

These are the atrocities which
are monthly perpetrated in Eng-
land, and which the conductors of
the press seldom deign to notice,
while the English language is
racked for words to express their
indignation at crimes in America,
far, we were about to say, infi-
nitely less aggravated.

A YOUNG MOTHER.—The census
taken in Grundy County, Ill., has
found a young lady fourteen years
of age, who was married at eleven,
an now delights in the possession
of a nice, plump, masculine "Suck-
er," who has cried after her some fif-
teen moons, and has been for some
time practicing the art of balancing,
with great success.

Efforts are making to hold a world's
Fair in New York, in 1852, after the
plan of that to be held in London, in
1851.
Gen. Cass has been re-nomi-
nated by twenty counties in Penn-
sylvania, and one in Ohio, for the
next Presidency.

IMPORTANT DECISION.—We find
the following important decision in a
Philadelphia paper:

Important Case.—We have before
noticed this case in which Hiram
Waring, of New York, asked of the
Court of Common Pleas, an injunc-
tion upon 11,000 of California gold,
deposited in the United State Mint,
in this city, by Smith Cram, also of
the Empire City. The matter was
ably and eloquently argued by J.
Murray Rush and Peter McCall, Esq.,
for the defendant, and H. J. Wil-
liams, Esq., for the plaintiff. On
Saturday the case, which has been
held under advisement, was again
before the Court, and Judge King de-
livered an opinion. After reciting
the facts of the case as set forth in
the bill and answer, and giving the
law as it bore upon the case, the
Court refused the injunction, holding
that the labor of one of the partners
in another business than for the car-
rying on of which they had associat-
ed, without making use of the part-
nership property, could not be in-
joined for the use of the partnership.

Mr. Cram, it will be recollected,
was one of the "Putnam Mining
Company," which went to the Gold
Regions for Mr. Waring, upon cer-
tain stipulated conditions, which the
defence alleges were not fulfilled,
and in consideration of the plaintiff
failin' to meet his contracts, the
company was disbanded. Mr. Cram
then returned to San Francisco, with
his son, and engaged in the business
of pile driving, from which business
about \$11,000 was realized, and upon
their arrival at home, it was de-
posited in the Philadelphia Mint. It
was to prevent the removal of this
sum by Mr. Cram that the injunction
was asked.

Some scamp stole the wallet
out of the pocket of one of the edi-
tors of the Cincinnati Nonpareil,
(there are seven of them,) when he
was at a fire. The principal article
of value it contained was a note for
forty-two dollars on a rich man in
Western Virginia, who failed last
spring for thirty thousand dollars
more than he was worth, and then
went to California to retrieve his
fortune but unfortunately died on his
way there! The editor will pay five
cents in advertising for the recovery
of the note. The gentleman on
whom the note was drawn will oblige
him by refusing payment if
presented to him without endorse-
ment.

The Cost of Railroads.—An article
in the last Westminster Review
states, that the average cost of rail-
ways in the United States, has been
about \$10,300 a mile; while that of
the English railroads has been nearly
\$200,000 per mile, including the
sums squandered during the mania of
1845-'46. In fact, the annual ex-
pense of a railroad in England, is
more than the original cost of one in
the United States.

A SAILOR'S IDEA OF GOOD MEAT.—
Waburton, in his account of a voyage
up the Nile, gives an amusing in-
stance of the singular opinion held
by sailors. He says: "On arriving
at Kanch, we gave the crew a feast,
consisting of an old ram, preferred by
them to the young mutton, because it
stood more churning."

EDWARD EVERETT has been many
years engaged in the collection and
arrangement of materials for a sys-
tematic Treatise on the Modern Law
of Nations, more especially in refer-
ence to those questions which have
been discussed between the govern-
ments of the United States and Eu-
rope since the peace of 1783.

Beating Time—The Cambria's
news was received in New Orleans,
by the O'Reilly and House lines, at
half past 7 on Thursday evening, hav-
ing left New York at 8 o'clock on the
same evening!—the difference of time
between the two cities, being about
one hour. The actual time occupied
in the transmission was thirty min-
utes.

A woman in Jersey, standing over
the corpse of her husband, exclaimed
in an agony of grief, "It's a pity he
is dead, for his teeth were as good as
they ever were!"

It is said that young ladies who
faint on being "proposed to," can be
restored to consciousness by whisper-
ing in their ears that you were only
joking.

Efforts are making to hold a world's
Fair in New York, in 1852, after the
plan of that to be held in London, in
1851.

Gen. Cass has been re-nomi-
nated by twenty counties in Penn-
sylvania, and one in Ohio, for the
next Presidency.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOV. 29, 1850.

J. WINCHESTER, EDITOR.
H. L. WINANTS and C. M. BLAKE, ASSISTANTS

COUNTY AND CITY AFFAIRS.

We refer our readers to the communication of Judge Morrison, on the subject of our County and City affairs. It is known that here in California individual interests are so absorbing, that there are few who take sober thought of matters of public concern. We most cheerfully concur in the views suggested by Judge M., who, it is generally admitted, plies himself with as much industry to the duties of his laborious office, as any other officer of the State.

We have no doubt but that the recommendations will meet with the concurrence of our citizens generally, as well as the Legislature, who are alone competent to afford relief. Its all very easy to find fault with what has been done, but it is quite another matter to propose a remedy.

THE WHIG PARTY IN NEW YORK.

Whenever the Whig party, by any juggle or log-cabin excitement, succeeds in gaining the ascendancy in a Democratic State, or in the Union, a few months serves to scatter their power and position to the winds. Their principles have little weight in keeping together the ends of every-thing of which the party is composed. They rode into power in 1840, and less than a year served to divide and distract them, and the Democracy again assumed the reins of government. By a sectional division of the Republican party, in 1843, they again succeeded in electing their candidate by a plurality vote, but they have hardly had time to take off the official heads of the Democratic office holders, before they are again engaged in a "civil war."

The Whig party of New York are just now in a very interesting situation. The "Fillmore Whigs" and the "Seward Whigs" are loud in their denunciation of each other, and positive in their charges of trickery and dishonesty. When rogues fall out, it is said that honest men get their dues. At the recent State Convention in New York, they were especially lavish of their left-handed compliments, and in commenting upon the action of the majority, the *N. Y. Express*, a bitter Whig partisan paper, remarks as follows:

"The concerted, but carefully concealed conspiracy to interpolate abolitionism upon the Whig creed, and to turn over the Whig party of New York to the Giddingses, Garrett Smiths, and Fred Douglasses of this State, and thereby to sever that party from the Whigs of the Union, burst forth at Syracuse. Having had about the whole patronage of the federal government to work with for eighteen months past, and also the powerfully diverted canal patronage of the State, to the utter amazement of the whig party, a majority of delegates was found, at Syracuse, insisting upon it, as a *sine qua non* of their being a whig party at all, that the 'higher law' creed of a conspicuous senator, be made a test of a whig—that Henry Clay, Daniel Webster, John J. Crittenden, Thomas Corwin, and Millard Fillmore, (our own cherished son) all be censured and degraded, with the thirteen whig members of Congress from this State who followed the advice of a whig President and a whig administration, and thereby gave peace to the country. Under such circumstances, for such men as Francis Granger and William Duer longer to remain actors in such a convention, would have been an utter degradation of themselves, and made them the scorn and contempt of the whole whig party of the Union."

This is very pretty language on the part of a press that has reached, and always maintained a "lower depth" of Whiggery than any other in the State. It has swallowed everything that has been presented by the Whig State or National administration, and bitter indeed must be the dose which its capacious maw cannot freely gulp down. In continuing its reference to the Seward Whigs, it hits the Cabinet of the late President very severely, and adds:

"We have no idea that, since the elevation of Millard Fillmore to the Presidency, there ever has been, on the part of the managers and wire-pullers of the interior of the State, any intent to allow the home-ward of the Whig party to remain undisturbed, and we believe their project, from the moment the *Galpin Cabinet* quit, has been to rule the Whig party into abolitionism, or to ruin it in the attempt."

A portion of the Whig State Central Committee declined serving, and in asking to be excused, they say:

"The undersigned do not design to go into an explanation of the reasons which have prompted their course, further than to say that as Whigs, deeply imbued with national principles, and with a desire to preserve or maintain the national character of the party, they can but reconcile it to a conscientious sense of duty to accept an appointment, or to execute a trust, by which their views and opinion, in this respect, would be compromised or misinterpreted."

Although away off here in the Pacific, far from the scene of these political "domestic difficulties," in common with others we cannot but feel an interest in whatever will have a bearing upon the next Presidential campaign, in which California will be called upon to act a part. We wish to put on record now, the truthful sayings of our opponents, of the trickery and heartlessness, politically, of each other, brought out by the unsatisfactory division of the spoils, consequent upon their accession to power. The Seward Whigs are playing a bold game to advance the

interest of their favorite for the next Presidency, but the Fillmore portion of the party have no idea of playing "second fiddle" in any such programme. They have their own ends to accomplish, and with the whole patronage of the National Administration at their disposal for two years, and the strength which the sympathies of the party, in other States, will naturally give them, they may well feel a confident assurance of the future. "Thrift will follow fawning," and when they once throw their banner to the breeze, the friends of Seward will desert him like rats from a sinking ship.

ANOTHER SENSIBLE MOVEMENT.—The *Pacific News*, seeing no possible chance that the next Legislature will elect a Loco Foco United States Senator, is turning its attention to the selection and support of candidates for the Whigs.

No such design, neighbor; but as circumstances prevented the *Courier* from giving publicity to the movement on foot in favor of Col. Collier for U. S. Senator, we exposed the matter, as an act of neighborly kindness. We have no idea that the Col. will serve us in that capacity at Washington, as the Legislature will send an "unterrified" Democrat to see to our little business in that quarter, but was only anxious to post up the reading public of the progress of an affair about which the *Courier* maintains an ominous silence!

THE LADIES' FAIR.—We mean, of course, by this, the fair ladies,—had another social and busy working reunion, last evening, at Mrs. Bartlett's, in Stockton street, between Washington and Clay streets. The fair, itself, will be held at the next full of the moon. This delay will rather be an advantage than otherwise, we judge, for, not only are these preliminary gatherings of much social interest as affects society in San Francisco, but the funds in aid of the proposed object, as we observed by the very liberal contributions, are constantly increased thereby.

The fair then, as we regard it, will be but the culminating point of an era in our social progress, in this country. We all have been accustomed to such things the other side of the continent, and no small good is effected in establishing here all such practices as tend to the refinement and adorning of mankind. But give us the aid of cultivated and christian women in society, and it will do more for its improvement than all the enactments of positive law. Men will love to act uprightly when they see lovely virtue impersonated in these beautiful companions of our lives.

CORRECTION.—An undivided article in our paper yesterday morning, no doubt did great injustice to Capt. E. Smith, of the brig *Samuel & Edward*, just in from Talcahuana. Capt. Smith informs us that every man who was discharged, was fully and satisfactorily paid, and in accordance with their wishes; that Gen. Veazie has not a dollar of interest in the vessel, and that neither the agent nor owner of the *Gov. Dana* has anything to do with her, and of course no control over the vessel. Captain Smith gives us the most positive assurance that these are the facts, and we cheerfully make the correction as a matter of justice.

THANKSGIVING SERMON.—We understand that the Rev. Charles A. Farley, of the First Unitarian Church, will preach a Thanksgiving sermon, at Athenaeum Hall, on Sunday morning next, at eleven o'clock. The subject will be, *The Moral Aspect of California*, and in the hands of Mr. Farley, we have no doubt it will be treated in a sound, sensible style. He is one of the most eloquent men in his profession, and his discourse will no doubt be listened to with pleasure and attention.

APPOINTMENT OF POSTMASTER.—We are glad to learn that the Special Post-office Agent for California, has appointed George G. Blodgett, Esq., Postmaster at Louisville, in El Dorado county. The place contains a population of 1000, and is rapidly increasing, and supplies, within a circuit of five miles, from four to six thousand miners. We have known the new appointee for a long time, and have no hesitation in saying that he will make an efficient and faithful public officer. May all the appointments for California be as wisely made.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—The Democracy of Sacramento assemble in County Convention to-morrow, for the purpose of nominating a candidate to fill the vacancy in the legislature occasioned by the death of Mr. Dunlap.

CAUGHT AT IT.—A fellow was caught in Pacific street, Wednesday night, carrying off a cask of liquor, and was fired into by the owner, with a musket. It is said that his legs were well peppered.

HEALTH OF STOCKTON.—The Journal, in speaking of the health of Stockton, says that the cholera has disappeared entirely in that city, and they have yet to learn of a single case occurring in any other portion of that district.

COUNTY AND CITY AFFAIRS.

Editors of the Pacific News:

Sir: I avail myself of my official position to challenge attention to the condition of our local public affairs, and to suggest some amelioration and amendment, by changes, which may be made. It was not to be expected under the novel circumstances in which the Legislature was convened for the first time, that its action would be as harmonious and systematic as the settled bases of the States on the other side of the Isthmus. In a country freshly settled, and vaulting into political manhood, as by a single effort—its actual creations casting the fictions of the Arabian necromancer into the shade, composed of members in every State of the Union, many of whom, perhaps, were unwary wise in the matter of Legislation, and comparative strangers to each other, it was natural to expect that all that was done would not be done well.

It is therefore the duty of their successors, by the aid of a little experience of the actual working of the system, to make such changes as are obviously demanded.

Passing over the general laws of the State, I confine myself to the plan of our county and city government. I think it will be conceded that its organization is defective, so far as it applies to San Francisco. There should have been no substantial distinction between city and county, for it is known that with the exception of a few large, uncultivated ranches in the southern section, the city is the county, and the county is the city. We have now duplicates of important public officers—assessors, treasurers, collectors, prosecuting attorneys, &c.; unavoidable difference, to a considerable extent, in the assessments of the same property, creates irritating difficulties with the owners, aside from the annoyance of being plying by a double set of officials and tax-gatherers.

One assessment, one collection, one treasurer, one court for the trial of inferior class of public offences (which ought to be speedily disposed of, especially where the accused are imprisoned,) and one jail, would seem to be sufficient for all practical purposes, and save expense.

The owners of lands outside the city bounds, could be protected from taxes for the city expenses proper, by a modification which would confine their taxes to a fair and reasonable proportion.

It is commended that the power now vested in the Court of Sessions, sitting for civil business, be given to supervisors elected by the wards, the agricultural district constituting one or more townships for that purpose, as might be found convenient.

A large and substantial building, secured, as far as may be, against destruction by fire, is greatly needed, on a basis competent for the State, County, and City Courts, combining chaste ornament with permanent utility.

An enlightened and well directed humanity, which marks the presence of the Anglo American race, seems to demand the establishment of an eleemosynary system founded upon results elaborated by the experience of the older States, rendering aid and comfort to the indigent among us, most of whom are without relations here to come to their assistance. Let the city and county be thrown together, and these improvements can be made from a common fund, and by a common effort to meet these various wants.

Under the present revenue laws, the resources provided are entirely inadequate to the heavy and increasing expenses of the county, and it is believed that the city is in the same condition.

In a future communication, some suggestions may be made for raising funds for these purposes, in a manner the most feasible and least oppressive to our citizens.

The office of County Judge of this county is entirely overtasked. Its duties are multifarious and numerous, imposing severe labor and great responsibilities. From the judgments of the county court there is no appeal provided by law, and it is of the highest importance that the cases litigated there should be examined with care, and the rule of decision intelligently and correctly declared.

The Probate jurisdiction of this county is already large, and increasing with the fearful bills of mortality within its limits. It should be kept open daily, to take prompt action for the due preservation of estates of decedents, a large portion of whom are without kinsmen in the State to look after their affairs.

There is work enough in this office alone for any one individual. These offices are created by the constitution, assigned to the same officer, and cannot be separated by the Legislature. They have, however, the power to relieve the incumbent from a portion of its burthens.

R. N. MORRISON.

THE MAIL.—The mail for steamer Oregon, which sails on Sunday next, will close at the Postoffice at one o'clock on that day.

MAYOR'S VETO.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 25, '50.

Gentlemen of the Common Council:

In examining the "Ordinance for the payment of Wm. Greene for the removal of the Ocean House," the following facts have been ascertained:

During the early part of the year 1849, a grant of certain wharfing privileges upon Broadway, was made to David Dring, by the legislative assembly of San Francisco, with authority to collect tolls for the landing of merchandise, &c., upon the condition that 10 per cent. of the amount collected be paid into the city treasury, as a compensation for the afore-said privilege. This condition has never been complied with, either by the grantee or his assigns, as far as can be ascertained from the records of the treasury, and also from other sources. This failure on the part of the grantee has doubtless vitiated the grant, and rendered it null and void.

No authority was given to the grantee to build a house or houses in the street by the original grant. He was notified that the conditions of the grant had not been complied with, and more than a year ago an order was issued to remove the house, but upon application to the late Ayuntamiento, permission was obtained from them for it to remain for a short time only, because it was represented to be a convenient place for landing passengers. Since that time the house remained, much to the annoyance of the property holders in the vicinity, and it has lately been declared a public nuisance by the Grand Jury of the county.

Believing, then, that if the contract between the Legislative Assembly and the grantee was ever binding, the non-compliance with its conditions on the part of the grantee and his assigns has rendered it nugatory and void. It seems, therefore, the house should be removed from the street at the expense of the owner, and that he should receive no pay therefor.

I regret it deeply when I feel myself compelled to differ in opinion with the Common Council, and would with satisfaction concur with them in the present instance, if I did not feel assured that a dangerous precedent would be established, and that the sum of nine thousand five hundred dollars would be improperly drawn from the public treasury.

With these, my objections, I return the ordinance without my approval.

J. W. GEARY, Mayor.

THEATRICAL.—"Theresa" was played at the Dramatic Museum last evening, to a crowded house. The various characters were very well taken. A good bill for to-night.

This evening is the last but one of the Model Artistes and the Mauduit Brothers at the Adelphi. Do not let the opportunity pass to witness their performances.

The Jenny Lind Theatre will produce "The Lady of Lyons," this evening, a play that is always attractive, if put upon the stage with credit. It will no doubt draw a full house.

ADDING A FIGURE.—Wonderful stories are related in the States of this golden land of ours, and instead of diminishing by time and distance, everything is increased. We find in a Louisville paper the following announcement of a failure at Sacramento. There is at least one figure too much, the editor probably thinking that \$1,100,000 was not much of a failure for California:

"The suspension of Barton Lee for the heavy sum of \$1,100,000 has produced no little excitement, both at Sacramento city and at San Francisco."

OBSERVANCE OF THANKSGIVING.—We understand that six of the Religious Congregations worshipping in this city, will unite to-morrow in an appropriate observance of Thanksgiving, at the Baptist Church. Rev. Dr. Boring will preach at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. Other clergymen will participate in the exercises. Our citizens, generally, are invited to be present.

THE REPUBLIC.—This steamer leaves the wharf of O. Charlick, Esq., at three o'clock this afternoon. Passengers are requested to be on board early.

The Republic takes about 400 passengers, and \$200,000 in gold dust.

THE OREGON.—It will be recollected that the regular steamer of the Pacific Mail Company, will leave on Sunday next, for Panama. The Oregon is one of the best boats on this side, and carries a complement of the most accomplished and gentlemanly officers on the Pacific.

A gold mine has been discovered on the land of Dawson Law, of Morgan county, Ga., which promises to yield an abundance of the precious metal. Mr. L. states that a man can easily make five dollars a day by digging. Particles, of the size of a pea, are found in abundance.

"OLD BLOCK."—We have on hand another of the communications from "Old Block," which we shall give on Monday next.

SACRAMENTO INTELLIGENCE.

A CITY PRISON.—The Marshal of Sacramento, N. C. Cunningham, Esq., presented quite an interesting paper to the city Council on Monday evening, relative to a city prison. The marshal states that ninety-seven arrests have been made by the city police for offences committed during the night within the period of four months: that the number of the police on duty at one time is but five, (and frequently reduced by sickness to three,) which necessarily gives each a very extensive beat, and it is sufficiently obvious that each arrest requires the officer making it to convey the prisoner to so great a distance as the prison ship, which weakens the force materially, and at times leaves large districts deprived of even the very small guard which our limited police force enables us to afford.

The difficulties encountered in detaining city prisoners in the county prison, from the fact that no arrangements have ever been entered into between the city and county authorities, remarks the marshal, place the city police in a very disagreeable position, and which has now reached a point which compels immediate action on the part of the council, as the present prison-keeper refused positively to receive any more prisoners until they shall have been duly committed, which of course cannot be done at night, the time when most of the arrests are made by the police.

In view of these facts, the marshal suggests for the consideration of the common council the propriety of establishing a suitable station-house, which shall be the headquarters of the night police. A house centrally located, and suitable for a "lock-up," he says, can doubtless be obtained.

We heartily coincide with the suggestion of the marshal for an immediate increase of the police force to twenty men. With this number, an efficient force of ten men can be kept constantly on duty day and night; that officer is of the opinion that although the expense incurred in this department will be considerably augmented, the greater efficiency of the police will amply compensate in the preservation of order; and that in a pecuniary point of view, the contributions to the city treasury, in the payment of fines, will be ample to cover the increase of expense.

[Transcript.]

CORONER'S INQUEST.—A death occurred a day or two since about ten miles south of our city, with which there is a somewhat singular circumstance connected. The deceased's name was John Tilden. Some time previous to his death he had been complaining of a pain in his side. He was, however, found on Saturday, to all appearances, dead in his tent. The coroner was called, but the body was warm and the limbs flexible. A physician advised that it should be kept wrapped in blankets and watched. The body remained warm from Saturday, at two o'clock, p. m., till Tuesday morning, when it became cold, and the inquest was held.

Yesterday afternoon the coroner held another inquest upon the body of an American, who died in the same tent where two Kanakas had died with the cholera within three weeks. The man had been in the country some eighteen months, but his name could not be ascertained.

[Transcript.]

MASONIC.—The Grand Lodge of California commenced its deliberations in this city yesterday. We understand that there are some 12 lodges in the State, and that eleven of that number have representatives present, and a strong probability that the remaining lodge, "Star," will be represented before the close of the sittings. [Transcript.]

We cut the following paragraph from a Philadelphia paper of the 31 of October:

Another Newspaper in California.—The materials for the establishment of another newspaper in San Francisco, were boxed up by Mr. Lewis Pelouze, yesterday. They were directed to Thomas G. Spear, in the great city of the Pacific, who is well known in this community. In the enclosure were a Hughes machine job press and a double medium Washington press.

OREGON OYSTERS.—The schooner Two Brothers, Capt. Fieldsteen, from Oregon, with four hundred bushels of oysters, arrived in port on Wednesday, consigned to E. G. Hall.

STEAMER SUNK.—The fine steamer Fashion, of this port, was sunk near New York, about two o'clock yesterday morning, while on her way up the river.

An article in yesterday's News headed "Greenwood Valley," should have been credited to one of the Sacramento papers.

DEFINITE.—The *Courier* tells about a vessel that left the Mission of San Jose last week, at "1 A. M." What day did "1 A. M." come on?

ENTERPRISE.—The N. Y. Journal of Commerce says a reporter for the London Times in Cincinnati for the purpose of reporting the proceedings of the Ohio Agricultural Fair.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

The Democracy of Mormon Island and vicinity held a large and enthusiastic meeting at Caldwell's Island House, for the purpose of selecting delegates to attend the Democratic Convention to be held at Sacramento city on the 30th inst.

Benj. Lyons, Esq., being called to the chair, stated the object of the meeting, and made some pertinent remarks in relation to the two great political parties, and in impressing upon the audience the necessity of the immediate action of the Democratic party.

Then proceeded the further organization of the meeting by selecting Wm. Miller, Esq., Secretary.

The meeting was then addressed by S. B. F. Clark, Esq., and others; when, on motion,

Resolved, That we elect five delegates to attend the Convention.

The following named persons were then duly elected delegates: Benj. Lyons, Samuel Hawkins, Dallas Kneass, S. B. F. Clark, Wm. Miller.

The meeting then adjourned.

JENNY LIND AND MOSE.—A few days ago, says the N. Y. Mirror, a Bowery boy, the very personification of Mose, was addressed in an omnibus by an acquaintance, who referred to Jenny Lind's merits, and said that she was beyond doubt the greatest singer in the world. "I don't know about that," replied Mose. "Who is her equal?" asked the other. "Who! why, Mary Taylor; our Mary would sing her clothes off her back!"

UNITARIAN WORSHIP.—A Thanksgiving sermon will be preached to the First Unitarian Society of San Francisco, on Sunday morning next, at 11 o'clock, by Rev. Charles A. Farley, at Simmons' Athenaeum Hall. Entrance on Commercial and Sacramento sts. Subject—*The moral aspect of California*. nov 29

NOTICE.—The gentleman who found a letter addressed to James C. Hackett, would much oblige Mr. H. by leaving the same at Berford & Co's Express Office, corner of Clay and Kearny sts. n27 3

IF THIS should meet the eye of Mrs. MONTROSE, late Miss ANNIE GARDNER, of 270 Gold street, Brooklyn, who left on the steamer Cherokee, Sept. 13th, from New York for California, she will confer a favor by sending her address to JAMES C. HACKETT, care of Berford & Co's Express, San Francisco.

DIED.

In this city, on the 27th inst., OLIVER M. MARCE, late of Buffalo, N. Y., of cholera, after a few hours illness.

Of consumption, at the camp of Dr. J. Durcy, on the Yuba river, Nov. 15th, JAS. FORMAN, of New Brunswick, N. J., aged 32 years.

At Rancheria, on the 19th inst., JOHN BROWN, of Audrain county, Mo.

Deaths reported for the Pacific News by N. Gray, City Sexton, Sacramento st., Nov. 28th:

George Schneltz, Germany, 30, cholera.
Francis Menanda, Spain, 27.
Robt. F. Boyd, Syracuse, N.Y., 32.
Mary Scullen.
John Scullen.
Chas. Beckett, England, 36, shot.
Francis Crea.
Sam'l E. Allen, Mass, 29, diarrhoea.
Mr. Jansen.
Michael McMann, Ireland, 21, stabbed.
J. Preston, 35, suicide.
Pedro Gustin.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

CLEARED.

November 28.

Ship Henry Tuke, Bowen, Valparaiso.
Fr ship Vicomte Chateaubrian, Sou, Valparaiso.
Ship Herbert, Hallet, Calcutta.
Bark Castilla, Jones, Astoria.
Br bark Selina, Anderson, N. S. W.
Br schr Osprey, Grieggs, Hobart Town.

ARRIVED.
Brem bark Bertha, Larsen, 58 days from Valparaiso, to Whitehead & co.
Schr Two Brothers, Fieldston, 14 ds fm Shoalwater Bay, with oysters to master.

SPOKEN.
By the Two Brothers, on the 10th, Eng bark Romoles, bound for this port—had lost her main and mizen masts.

EXPRESS TO NEW ORLEANS AND NEW YORK, per REPUBLICAN and OREGON, in charge of special messengers. Having insurance policies in the Atlantic, Mutual and other offices, and having our own office in one of the best fire-proof buildings in California, we are enabled to furnish the best security to persons sending treasure by this line, and to whom no charges are made for depositing.

Drafts at sight on our Agents in New York, Messrs. Thompson & Hitchcock, corner of Wall and Pearl sts.

OFFICES. AGENTS.
Sacramento City, G. E. CLARK.
New York, THOMPSON & HITCHCOCK.
Marysville, M. & B. F. CHEESEMAM.
Portland, Oreg'n, J. ELLIOTT.
Honolulu, S. I., MITCHELL & HUTCHINS.

A Submarine Armor, complete, for sale. Mr. Thomas A. Ayers will please call at this office. JOHN W. GRANGER, Proprietor and Manager, 280 Montgomery street. n27

NOTICE.—Ship W. H. HARBEC, from New York. Consignees are again notified that she commences to discharge at at Cunningham's Wharf, this day, and as dispatch is all-important, all goods on which freight is not paid, will have to be stored as soon as landed.

CHARLES MINTURN, Agent. Cunningham's Wharf. n27 6

NOTICE.—The consignees per ship POWHATTAN, now lying at Cunningham's Wharf, are hereby notified that the time for discharging the cargo having expired, all goods not called for will be landed and stored at the expense of the owners, and sufficient amount sold to pay freight and expenses. n27 6td

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
SAN DIEGO HERALD.

"There the large olive rains its amber store
In marble founts; there grain, and flower, and
fruit,
Gush from the earth until the land runs
o'er."

The undersigned beg leave to
announce to the public of Cali-
fornia generally, and to the Eng-
lish-speaking population of Southern
California in particular, that they
intend to publish a newspaper at San
Diego, under the above title, the first
number of which will be issued about
the first of January, proximo.

Terms of subscription, \$12 per
annum. In politics, the San Diego
Herald will be independent, but not
neutral; it will be the organ and
engine of no party,—but the impar-
tial advocate of such measures as
shall seem best calculated to promote
the general welfare of the State, and
advance the local interests and prop-
erty of Southern California, or more
immediately of the District of San
Diego.

Its design, however, will by no
means be to engender any sectional
jealousies, or to encourage any mea-
sures at variance with the unity and
harmony of the State. Its paramount
object will be to describe the local-
ities and unfold the resources of "the
sunny and luxuriant regions of the
South"—to watch over their social
and administrative interests,—and
to promote their welfare by every legiti-
mate means and influence which the
press can employ.

To the American residents in South-
ern California, the publishers will
look for their principal support; and
considering the expense of the under-
taking and its immediate importance
to the local interests of San Diego,
it is hoped that the publication will
meet with liberal encouragement.
Among the inhabitants, however,
of the Northern districts, the *San Diego
Herald* will expect to have many
readers desirous to obtain authentic
information and periodical intelli-
gence from the South.

J. JONSON AMES & Co.
SAN DIEGO, Nov. 16th, 1850.

To the Editor of the Daily Pacific News—

Sir: You will confer a great favor by
giving the within a few insertions in your
valuable sheet, for the benefit of your
readers and the community at large, that
they may be satisfied with the affair that
occurred a few months ago, concerning the
elopement of my daughter from her hus-
band, Jesse J. Graham. You will please insert
for six months, and oblige

Very respectfully, yours, &c.,
MARY BENNETT.

SEPTEMBER 27th, 1850.

Mrs. Mary Bennett—

DEAR MOTHER: I presume that you are
very much surprised at my sudden depart-
ure. I was very sorry to leave without
telling you I was going, but I knew that
you and my brothers and sister would not
let me come away; and I was so tired of
being beat and having those knives drawn
over me, for twice that old brute Graham
drew his bowie knife across my throat till
the blood ran down my breast, and I expect-
ed every day he would kill me, and
finding it impossible to please the old tyr-
ant, I believed that my only chance was to
leave him or be murdered by his hand. So
I thought it would be better for me to go
to a foreign country, where I would not be
troubled with him any more. I see by the
Daily Pacific of the 16th of May, that
I have been accused of having a lover with
me, which you and the citizens of Santa
Cruz pronounce to be false, and which is
absolutely false. I did not nor never will
degrade myself so far as that; and I see by
the same paper that you and my brothers
and sister have been cruelly treated on ac-
count of my departure, of which you all
are innocent. I left without the assistance
or knowledge of any of you. I would not
so much trouble to tell of your innocence,
but I wish you to show this, my hand-
writing, to all the people, wherein I state
that, let who will say that either my moth-
er, brothers or sister assisted me to get away,
or knew anything about it, they tell a posi-
tive lie, and the truth is not in them. The
paper did not state what had happened ex-
actly; it said Mary Ann had been honorably
acquitted of being accessory to my flight,
and that Jackson offered you a thousand dol-
lars, and the county of Santa Cruz one thou-
sand dollars for Jesse Graham. I am very
sorry to see that my child was brought as
a witness against my innocent sister, which
Graham himself was the murderer. I say he
murdered it, because it was abuse that I
received from him. His hands was over his
death. Instead of my living with a lover, I
am living in a worthy man's family, after
a voyage of four months. I have suffered
very much from sickness, and my children
have both had some sickness, and are not in
very good health now, but they are about
I am miserable since I heard that news. I
wish I had stayed and been murdered by
his hands; it would have been better for me
to die than to live and know that my dear
people had suffered so wrongfully; perhaps
suffered death on account of my departure.

As I said before, I am living in a worthy
Englishman's family, but I shall never be
happy again in this world. I hope these
few lines I have traced by candlelight may
find you alive and well, but I am afraid they
will not. If we meet no more in this world,
I hope we may meet in Heaven above. May
God be with you all; my children are bap-
tized, and I shall be soon; give my love to
all my friends, my dear brothers and sis-
ters, while I remain your ever affectionate
daughter,
CATHERINE GRAHAM.

255 St.

Among the passengers who ar-
rived at New York lately, in the
steamship Atlantic, are a son and
daughter of General Lafayette,

who assisted us in our revolution-
ary struggle. Mr. E. D. Lafayette
is the son. The name of the
daughter is Madame De Lestrie.

Her husband is with her.

PROCLAMATION!!!

The Governor of the State of California, to
all to whom these presents may come:

Greeting:

In compliance with the long estab-
lished and appropriate custom of our
fathers, as well as in accordance with
his own feelings, the undersigned,
Governor of the State of California,
hereby recommends that Saturday,
the thirtieth day of November, one
thousand eight hundred and fifty, be
set apart and observed by the people
of California, as a day of solemn
thanksgiving to the Supreme Ruler
of the Universe, for the unnumbered
blessings bestowed by Him upon our
young State and people; and espe-
cially for our admission into the hap-
py family of States.

Given under my hand, at the Pueblo
de San Jose, the fourth day of No-
vember, in the year of our Lord, one
thousand eight hundred and fifty, and
of the Independence of the United
States, the seventy-fifth.

PETER H. BURNETT

GENERAL LAND AGENCY,

San Francisco, California.

JOHN Y. BRYANT, ANDREW J. MOULDER,
Attorneys at Law.

Office at Cronise Bros & Co., corner of Jack-
son and Montgomery streets.

JOHN Y. BRYANT, for the last four-
teen years engaged in the General Land
Office at Washington City, in the adjudica-
tion of pre-emption and every other descrip-
tion of land claims, has associated with him
in the transaction of a General Land Agency
Business, A. J. MOULDER, Esq., of N. Y., a
Long experienced and an intimate knowledge
of the laws of Congress relative to the vari-
ous provisions made for the disposal of the
public domain, together with a familiarity
with official forms and precedents in the De-
partment at Washington, and a prolonged
acquaintance with the Executive officers,
present inducements to those interested in
landed property in California seldom of-
fered.

Ample arrangements having been con-
summated at Washington, we feel justified
in guaranteeing prompt and intelligent at-
tention to all business confided to the care
of this agency. Address, (postage paid)
Bryant & Moulder,
San Francisco.

REFERENCE IS MADE TO THE

Hon. William M. Gwin, U. S. Senate,

Hon. Jas. Whitecomb, " "

Hon. Jas. Shields, " "

Hon. R. M. Young, Clerk Ho. of Rep. U. S.,

former Commissioners Gen. Land Office.

Hon. Justin Butterfield, present Commis-
sioner.

Hon. John Wethered,

Col. John C. Hayes,

Hon. John W. Geary, San Francisco.

John Winchester, Esq.,

Judge Shattuck,

Bissell & Bancroft,

Edward Howison, Esq.,

Pretymann, Barrol & Co., Sacramento,

nov 16 eodlm

STOCKTON HOUSE, Broadway

IS NOW OPEN for the reception

of the Public.

This House is the largest, and its rooms
better ventilated than any other establish-
ment in San Francisco. The Dining Room
is 60 by 25 feet. The sleeping apartments
are 25 by 25. The sleeping apartments
are well supplied with every thing neces-
sary for comfort. There are forty rooms
containing but one bedstead, furniture, &c.
Adjoining which, is attached a Drawing
Room, with private entrance on Broadway.
The location is commanding, being only a
few steps from the departure and landing
of the steamers plying on the Sacramento
river, and stopping at Benicia, Sacramento
City, and all the principal towns and land-
ings adjacent to the gold mines.

Passengers landing from ships, and di-
recting the boat to land them at this
House, will save a long walk and portage.
Steps are provided in the rear of the House
for boats to land passengers, baggage, &c.
The Table, Bar, &c., is unsurpassed.

Jeffrey & Co.,

N. B. The House can be seen from any

part of the Bay, it being the most promi-
nent, commanding a full view of all the ar-
rivals of steamers, shipping, &c. 622 Im

COUNTY AUDITORS are hereby

required to comply immediately with the

following section of an Act prescribing

the mode of assessing and collecting the

public revenue.

"Sec 35. He (the Auditor) shall make

out and cause to be transmitted by mail or

otherwise, to the Comptroller of State, on

or before the first day of November of each

year, a complete abstract of the property

listed in his county, the valuation thereof,

the number of polls, the amount of each kind

of tax, and the aggregate thereof in the

county, and certify the same, as also the

rate of each kind of tax assessed."

John S. Houston,

Comptroller of State.

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,

San Jose, Nov. 20, 1850. n226t

The Alta California, Journal Stock-

ton, and Transcript, Sacramento City, will

publish the above notice.

CARD-GARNISS & CO., Auc-

tioneers, beg leave to inform their friends

and the public, that they have moved into

new and spacious Sales Rooms, in the Iron

Building corner of Washington st. and Jones

lane, between Montgomery and Sansome

streets, where they are prepared to transact

the AUCTION and COMMISSION BUSI-

NESS, on the most favorable terms. The

arrangement of their rooms are such as to

afford great facilities in the disposition of

goods—the same being of a sufficient capac-
ity to contain a cargo, which can be received
from a canal in the rear. They solicit a
share of the public patronage.

09 Im Garniss & Co.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Three

large and three small houses, on Califor-

nian street, and on Broadway, well furni-

shed, one of them in the most splendid style.

Apply to

W. Schleiden,

Ship and Customhouse Broker, from half

past 9 to half past 3 o'clock, at his office,

opposite the Customhouse; at any other

time, at his residence on Broadway, between

Dupont and Stockton sts. n2

FIRE APPARATUS For Sale—

A first class forcing suction engine and

hose carriage, with all appurtenances, and

LOOK AT THIS, EMIGRANTS AND
OTHERS!

300 FAMILIES WANTED, who

wish Homes. Having com-
pleted my survey in the southern part
of the city of San Jose, in all 900 lots,
25 by 47 1/2 varas, and being desirous to
have improvements go on rapidly,
I propose to give 300 lots to settlers
who will build a neat, suitable house
on each lot, and fence the same.

I have also over 100 lots, 50 varas
square, in the Old Survey of the city,
which I will sell low, and give time
on part. The lots I own in the Old
and New surveys of the city are decid-
edly the best locations for buildings,
being high and dry, and never subject
to overflow; with the very best
mountain water, obtained at the depth
of 12 to 14 feet.

I think lumber shippers would do
well to call and take a look at my
lots. I will give them lots to build
houses on, or will exchange lots for
lumber of all kinds, or houses.

THE VALLEY.—We have a greater
number of acres equal to the best Illi-
nois land, than can be seen in any
other north or east of us, in California;
and the grain growing portions of the
world, so far as I am acquainted, can-
not equal us in producing wheat, both
in quality and quantity: 60 bushels
have been raised to the acre, and there
can be seen now in the fields and gar-
dens of our farmers, as fine crops as a
majority of the States can produce at
and vegetables of all kinds in abun-
dantly growing, and that too, without
rain or watering.

CLIMATE AND HEALTH.—Listen, now:

—The average summer heat is 75 to
80 degs., with cool nights; no mis-
takes, day or night; no fever and
ague, and no disease peculiar to the
valley or town, winter or summer.—

We have some of the first settlers liv-
ing with us yet, over 100 years of age,
and one in particular, over 110, sound
in body and mind. We have had but
one death out of the immigration of
1846, an old gentleman, who was bro-
ken down with disease before he came
to our city.

THE MORALS of our city and vicin-
ity will, I make no doubt, compare
with those of the best of our neigh-
boring cities and towns. We are a
law abiding and a law supporting
people, and have our churches and
schools as well as others.

Persons wishing lots will apply
soon to the subscriber in the south end
of the city. JAMES F. REED,
City San Jose, 4th Aug. 1850.

n4 tf

IN JUSTICE'S COURT.—Before

Brown, George W. Bushnell es. M. Ex-

pert, M. Massurier, and his sons. SAME

Court—William B. White vs. same defend-

ants. To M. Expert, M. Massurier, and

his sons, defendants in the above cause:

Complaints in these two causes were filed

in my office, San Francisco, California, by

said Bushnell and White respectively, Aug

16th, 1850, against you, as owners of the

bark Gustave, for a breach of your contract,

made in May last, with said Bushnell and

White, respectively, have been issued by

me, returnable the 23d of August, 1850.

Aug. 16th, aforesaid, said barks, tacks

&c. were levied upon, by virtue thereof.

You are required to appear and answer

said complaint, February 24th, 1851, at 10

o'clock, A.M., of that day, at my office.

H. S. Brown,

Justice of the Peace.

ol 6m23d

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the

estates of James Wills and Henry Farmer,

deceased, are hereby requested to present

the same to the undersigned, with the nec-
essary vouchers, within ten months from
this date: in default thereof they will be
forever barred. All persons indebted to
said estate will make immediate payment to

Joseph Henriquez,

Public Administrator.

Office on Commercial street, next door to

Dart & Gales, up stairs. n2 2wlm

Nov. 2, 1850.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the

estates of Charles R. Bimley, Henry Bon-

field and George Greenwald, deceased, are

hereby requested to present them to the un-

dersigned at the office within ten months

from this date, in default of which they will

be forever barred. Those indebted to said

estates are requested to make immediate

payment.

Joseph Henriquez,

Public Administrator city San Francisco.

Office, Commercial street, next door to

Dart & Gales, up stairs. n2 341w

ADMINISTRATOR'S Notice.—

All persons having claims against the

estate of Samuel C. Davis, deceased, are

requested to present them to the undersig-

ned within ten months from this date, in

default thereof they will be forever barred.

Those indebted to said estate will make im-

mediate payment to

Jo. Clements, Administrator,

corner of Washington and Kearny streets,

"Verandah" building. nov. 5, 1850.

no laww

F. Argenti & Co., Bankers, San

Francisco, Montgomery st., between

Clay and Commercial, refer to and draw on—

Brown, Brothers & Co., New York,

Brown, Shipley & Co., Liverpool,

Samuel Nicholson & Co., New Orleans,

Alex. Brown & Sons, Baltimore,

Brown & Bowen, Philadelphia,

Jas. Arger & Co., Charleston,

Morrell & Dickey, Mobile,

T. B. Curtis, Esq., Boston,

Geo. B. Combs, Savannah.

Gold dust bought or insured, and forward-

ed to the U. States at the lowest rates. ol

AT A PROBATE COURT held

at the City Hall in the city of San

Francisco, on the 14th Nov. 1850: Present,

Hon. R. N. Moisson, Probate Judge.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas

Larkin, deceased.

Ordered, that Nov. 28th, 1850, at 10 A.

RULES OF PRACTICE THE OF
COUNTY COURT OF SAN FRANCISCO—Sit-

ting for the Trial of Appeals:

1. It shall be the duty of Justices of the
Peace to endorse on the transcript the
names of the Attorneys, if any, who ap-
peared on the trial before him.

2. It shall be the duty of the Clerk to
make up a docket of the causes entered for
trial, in the order in which the appeal pa-
pers are filed; one copy for the court, and
one for the use of the Bar.

3. Causes may be entered at the foot of
the docket for trial, at any time during the
first week of the term, by filing a stipulation
to that effect.

4. A day docket of Jury causes will be
made up after the first day of the term,
from the regular docket, in their order,
and of such as may be specially set down
for trial by the Court, a list of which shall
be posted by the Clerk on the Court-room
door, and none others will be called for
trial that day.

5. The party or attorney moving a Jury
cause for trial shall pay the jurors fees on
the rendition of the verdict, and in default
thereof will be held as standing in contempt,
and liable to attachment.

6. After the first day of the term, if nei-
ther party answer on a cause being called
in its order, it will go to the foot of the
docket.

7. No defaults will be taken on the first
day of the term, and no cause will be tried
on that day, except both parties are ready.

8. In cases where a Jury is waived, it
shall be the duty of the parties or their at-
torneys to file a stipulation to that effect,
with the Clerk of the Court on the first day
of the term.

9. Witnesses may be examined *de bene*
esse before the Commissioners appointed by
this Court, on one day's notice to the op-
posite party, and in cases of emergency on
such notice as the circumstances may allow.

10. Special motions will be heard on each
day, at the opening of the Court, at ten
o'clock, A. M., on one day's notice, or on an
order to show cause.

11. The Court will be kept open by ad-
journing after the docket is disposed of,
for hearing motions and such other busi-
ness as may be necessary, on Monday of
each week, at 12 M., until the commence-
ment of next term.

12. In all cases not herein provided for,
the rules of practice of the District Court
will be followed. ol9 tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of

an execution issued out of the District

Court, 4th Judicial District, county of San

Francisco and State of California, duly

tested and dated November 13th, 1850, in

the case of John H. Merrill against Charles

E. Pickett, wherein a judgment was rendered

in favor of the plaintiff for the sum of

fifty-seven and 1